

Intimations.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA,
L I M I T E D
DISPENSING CHEMISTS
SELECT MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS
ASTRINGENTS, DIARRHEA & CHOLERA
REMEDIES, &c.

DAKIN'S CHOLERA EXIR.—A product of long experience of this epidemic in India, its home and birth-place, has proved beyond all doubt the efficacy of this remedy, which combines in a concentrated form the medicinal agents which have proved most useful in arresting the rapid progress of that fatal malady, and in combating it when developed. Full directions accompany each bottle. Per bottle, \$1.50 and \$3.

Cholera Pills are made from an old, well-tried formula, and are most useful in the early stage of an attack. Per bottle, 50 cents.

Dakin's Chlorodyne is Sedative, Anodyne, and Anti-spasmodic. This reliable remedy has long been used throughout the East as a standard in Cholera and Diarrhea. In bottles, 35, 75 cents, \$1.50 and \$2.7.

Dr. Rubin's Essence of Camphor.—Valuable for simple Diarrhea, and in the earlier stages of Dysentery and Cholera. Per bottle, 50 cents.

Fluid Extract of Indian Bael (prepared from the unripe fruit of the *Eagle Marmelos*). Of great service in Diarrhea and Chronic Dysentery. Per bottle, \$1.

Diabetic Bael.—A highly agreeable and nutritive diet, particularly recommended in derangement of the digestive organs, looseness, and irritation of the bowels.

This preparation has been in use in India for thirty years, and is there regarded as a specific in Diarrhea and Dysentery. Per tin, \$1.

DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, LIMITED,
London, Hongkong, Amoy.

Hongkong, 12th August, 1890.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, AUGUST 18, 1890.

TELEGRAMS.

HELIGOLAND.

LONDON, August 6th.

Her Majesty's ships *Wildfire* and *Calypso* have been ordered to Heligoland to embark the Governor and other officials.

LORD SALISBURY'S SPEECH.

August 7th.

The Marquis of Salisbury speaking at the Mansion house on Wednesday said that the situation everywhere was pacific; that the African agreement had removed all cause of quarrel; that the time had not arrived for the withdrawal of the British forces from Egypt, and that this would depend greatly on other nations who were able to advance or retard the departure of the troops.

ELECTRICISED.

The convict, Kemmler, has been executed by electricity in New York.

THE ANGLO-FRENCH AGREEMENT.

The Agreement between the two Governments relating to Zanzibar, Madagascar and Lake Tchad has been signed.

ANOTHER MILITARY MUTINY.

August 9th.

The men of the Army Service Corps at Chatham complained of excessive duties and refused to parade, they barricaded themselves but ultimately submitted; twenty of them were sentenced to a month's imprisonment.

GIBRALTAR.

General the Hon. Sir Leicester Smyth, K.C.B., K.C.M.G., has been appointed Governor of Gibraltar.

THE PORTSMOUTH COMMAND.

H.R.H. The Duke of Connaught, K.G., takes command of the Portsmouth Division of the Army.

THE KING OF HOLLAND.

His Majesty the King of Holland is in a weak state of health and is obliged to keep to his room.

THE LABOR AGITATION.

August 15th.

The strike in South Wales has terminated.

THE SILVER BILL IN PRACTICE.

The Washington Treasury bought on the 13th inst. 310,000 ounces of silver. It is believed to be slightly above the London rate, and the offers amounted to a million ounces.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Oriental* left Shanghai for this port at 11 a.m. on the 16th inst.

THERE will be a game at polo at Causeway Bay (weather permitting) to-morrow afternoon, commencing at a quarter to six o'clock.

MESSRS. Adamson, Bell & Co. inform us that the "Shire" liner *Ellinshire*, from London, &c., left Singapore on the 15th inst., for this port.

THE returns of the number of visitors to the City Hall Museum for the week ending Aug. 17th, are:—Europeans, 138; Chinese, 1,507; total, 1,645.

CLARETS.

A Superior Breakfast Claret, Red Capsule..... \$4.50

B Vintage, Superior quality, Red Capsule..... 1.10

C Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule 14 1.25

D Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior. Violet Capsule (*Old Bottled*)..... 1.50

SHERRIES.

A Delicate Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Capsule..... 6 0.60

B Superior Pale Dry, dinner wine, Green Seal Capsule..... 7.50 0.75

C Manzanilla, Pale Natural Sherry, White Capsule..... 10 1.00

CC Superior Old Dry, Pale Natural Sherry, Red Seal Capsule..... 10 1.00

D Very Superior Old Pale Dry, choice old wine, White Seal Capsule..... 14 1.50

PORTS. (*For Invalids and general use.*)

A Alto Doubt, good quality, Green Capsule..... \$10 \$1.00

B Vintage, Superior quality, Red Capsule..... 1.10

C Fine Old Vintage, superior quality, Black Seal Capsule 14 1.25

D Very Fine Old Vintage, extra superior. Violet Capsule (*Old Bottled*)..... 1.50

BRANDY.

A Hennessey's Old Pale, Red Capsule..... \$12 \$1.10

B Superior Very Old Cognac, Red Capsule..... 14 1.25

C Very Old Liqueur Cognac, Red Capsule..... 18 1.50

D Hennessey's Finest Very Old Liqueur Cognac, 1872 Vintage, Red Capsule..... 24 2.00

SCOTCH WHISKY.

A Thorne's Blend, White Capsule..... 8 0.75

B Watson's Glenorchy Mellow Blend, Blue Capsule with Name and Trade Mark..... 8 0.75

C Watson's Abelour-Glenlivet, Red Capsule, with Name and Trade Mark..... 8 0.75

D Watson's H. K. D. Blend of the Finest Scotch Whisky, Malt Whiskies, Violet Capsule..... 10 1.00

E Watson's Very Old Liqueur Scotch Whisky, Gold Capsule 12 1.10

IRISH WHISKY.

A John Jameson's Old, Green Capsule..... 8 0.75

B John Jameson's Fine Old, Green Capsule..... 10 1.00

C John Jameson's Very Fine Old Green Capsule..... 12 1.10

GENUINE BOURBON WHISKY, fine old, Red Capsule, with Name. 10 1.00

GIN.

A Fine Old Tom, White Capsule 4.50 0.40

B Fine Unsweetened, White Capsule..... 4.50 0.40

C Fine A. V. H. Geneva..... 5.25 0.50

RUM.

Fine Old Jamaica, Violet Capsule..... 12 1.00

Gold Leafward Island... \$1.50 per Gallon

LIQUEURS.

Benedictine Maraschino Curacao Dr. Siger's Angostura Chartreuse Bitters, &c.

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NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

It is requested that all communications relating to Subscriptions, Advertisements, &c., be addressed to the "Manager, Hongkong Telegraph" and not to the Editor.

Letters on Editorial matters to be sent to "The Editor" and not to individual members of the staff.

Communications intended for publication must be accompanied by the name and address of the author, not necessarily for publication, and the address of good faith.

Whilst the columns of the *Hongkong Telegraph* will always be open for the fair discussion by correspondents of all classes of subjects of public interest, it must be distinctly understood that the Editor does not in any way hold himself responsible for opinions thus expressed.

DEATH.

At Grosvenor Terrace, 44 Mearns Street, Greenock, on the 12th inst., JOHN NEIL, second son of Thomas Angus, engineer, late of Hongkong. Friends please accept this (the only) intimation. [1192]

In the Singapore Import Returns for the quarter ending 31st March last, says the *Singapore Gazette*, four chests of tea are entered as from Sarawak. This is, we believe, the first tea produced in, and exported from, this country.

HISTORY doesn't always repeat itself. An Australian telegram says that "a nugget of gold weighing 1,100 oz. was found in the Happy Valley near Bowen."—The Bowen which our Happy Valley knows didn't turn out much of a nugget.

In Saturday's *Gazette* it is notified that Her Majesty has not been advised to exercise her power of disallowance with respect to Ordinance No. 5 of 1890—an Ordinance to amend the law relating to infant vaccination and to provide for the registration of persons vaccinated in the Colony.

Mr. ROBINSON's decision in the charge brought against the British barque *G. H. Widdop* is grossly unjust, whichever way it may be taken. If Capt. Hansen were innocent of the charges made against him, he ought to have been acquitted; if guilty, the full penalty the law allows should have been imposed. A fine of \$50 for an offence of this character is playing with justice.

THE man who writes to the *Daily Press* of this morning re the case of the Queen v. *Leslie*, on his own showing, a galoot of the first water. He can't help it, of course; he was born that way, and there may be some doubt whether the editor of the *Press* who passed such childish rubbish was responsible for his own actions. After the first hearing at the Police Court, *Leslie* was bound to be committed for trial before a jury at the Criminal Sessions, and all other proceeding were mere waste of time.

DR. J. W. HERON, physician-in-charge of the Royal Hospital at Seoul, Korea, and medical adviser to the King of Korea, died, of congestion of the lungs, in the capital of that benighted land on the 26th ultmo. Dr. Heron was a member of the American Methodist Missionary Society, and was originally sent out, in 1885, by that body to labour in the gospel, as the saying is in the land of the Morning Calm. He succeeded Dr. H. R. Allen when the latter entered the Korean political arena in the autumn of 1887, and retired with the now disgraced Pak Cheung Yang to "do" the *diplomat* in Washington.

THE Colonial Courts of Admiralty Bill, which passed through the House of Lords early in the session, and has been delayed in its passage through the Commons owing to the pressure of business, is more interesting from a constitutional than from a legal point of view, than from a political point of view. It is to abolish Vice-Admiralty Courts and to transfer their jurisdiction to the local courts. In other words the Admiralty Court will, in the colonies, be a purely Colonial Court in theory, and not, as now, a court emanating from the jurisdiction of the Admiralty Court of England. By section 5, the appeal is to be from the local Court of appeal thence to the Privy Council. Thus the direct appeal which at present exists to the Queen in Council will be abolished. The change is a natural concession to the principle of self-government in the Colonies, but whether ship owners will appreciate the enlargement of the power of appeal may be doubted, since it will oftentimes increase the period of litigation.

A BATAVIA paper reported a short time ago that a torpedo had been recovered by the fishermen at Wada Muru. It has been examined by the captain of the British gunboat *Plover*, which arrived from Chemulpo on the 6th instant, and has been identified as belonging to the British cruiser *Severn*. The fishermen were rewarded with \$30.

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A BATAVIA paper says that the victorious troops returning from Edi have been enthusiastically received at Samarang, the garrison place. This episode in the long-drawn out Aceh war may rank high in importance from the change in tactics characterizing it. For the first time since the war began 17 years ago, artillery came prominently into play against the Achinese forts, and mainly contributed to the easy victory won by the troops. Formerly, storming parties came too much into fashion, with consequently heavy loss to the attacking force. The use of artillery enabled the Achinese to be driven out of almost impregnable fortifications Edi with slight loss to the troops. In Aceh Proper, the army has been armed with magazine rifles, and improved cannon have been substituted for guns on old models. A military balloon service, and telegraph communication between Aceh and Singapore, in referring to the Hongkong-Singapore contest, that the four sent North was not a strong one, but he hoped it would be the beginning. They had an important member in Mr. Bramwell, and by backing him up by three other good men, if Hongkong sent down a crew, they should have a crew to meet them that would knock spots out of them. (Laughter and applause.)

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A MISSIONARY correspondent, writing from China, near Kukliang, to the *N. C. Daily News*, says:—A Plymouth Brother and his wife had entered this *holy* city some six or seven months ago and rented a chapel. All went well for a time, but at length the leaders of the people, the bigoted and blinded literary men, stirred up the town by posting placards, naming the day for turning out the foreigners. They claimed that the medicine given by the missionary to the sick effected only a temporary relief and ended finally in great calamity to the persons treated. They affirmed also that the missionary had two very *holy* *pusas*, two very damaging-idiots, to wit a true Chinese *idol* given by one of the native converts as a memento and as a sign of his renunciation of their worship, and the other which was the *honest* and most ugly they had ever seen. Who could guess what it was—a *holy* *organ*! This they said was the *idol* that had teeth and that emitted queer sounds; it must not be permitted to exist. On the day appointed the mob came to execute their threat, and with the full knowledge and apparently silent consent of the magistrate, for the missionary had sent a copy of the placard to the *holy* *organ* and requested his interference, but no notice was taken of the affair. The chapel was soon torn to pieces and all furniture and private effects burned in an open place. The *holy* *organ* called forth a great outburst of rage; it was taken into the street and bit by bit pulled and smashed to pieces. The missionary and his wife were told their presence was not required and were forced to flee.

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each kept a record of the money won and lost; there was no trouble or bother or noisy altercations over disputed bets. Little or no ready money changed hands, but one is quite at liberty to back one's fancy providing any one will wager with you. Forty-two dollars changed hands over one fight—not ruinous gambling this. But to return, just as we entered the room, the preliminaries were being arranged for a set-to, and out on the verandah deep and earnest consultation were being held; had they been actual counsels of war the gravity and the all-absorbing interest manifested by those engaged in matching two wily crickets could not have been greater. The respective owner, in view of a tussle, compare their chosen champions most carefully from stem to stern, their weight, their width, and examine every conceivable point so that one may not have the advantage of the other. When a pair have been selected each is handed over to the charge of a master of ceremonies, the dress of which individual "old custom" demands shall be a suit of spectacles and the lower half of a suit of pyjamas. These gentlemen cannot accurately be said to belong to the ancient honourable order of bottle holders, but rather brush holders, and with their brushes they proceed to knock off what little hair there is on a cricket's back, and as with human beings so it is with crickets, when their hair is off and their backs are up they simply spoil for a fight. The covers are then removed and at it they go. The concern of the crowd in the battle is of course proportionate to the amount of "oo" at stake, but they all push and huddle round the tub. The change that personal interest works in any object is really wonderful, for whilst preparations were being made for the second battle which took place we looked on the two combatants with eyes of indifference, caring not a jot who won, and not even knowing either from which. However, an acquaintance standing by, who professed that he knew all about the science of the game, pointed out the one upon whose victory he was prepared to wager his soul. There is contagion in this, so we forthwith planked down a full weight Mexican on the one the master fancied, while he also supplemented his advice to the extent of fifty cents—a bold thing for him to do. However once we had the shekel on our man we began to look upon him in quite a different light; he was far better looking than his rival, had longer and hairier legs, and claws that only a fighting cricket of the first water could ever hope to possess. In fact in all outward appearances he had no equal, and in a pitying sort of way we contrasted his points with those of his antagonist—all at the latter's expense, of course.

The covers being at last removed the fight began, and with a swish and a chirp they were at each other's throats like thorough-bred bulldogs, tugging and chawing as if the battle had been of their own making. First blood was scored by our favorite—that is, at least, if tossing his rival heels over head can be called so. Round and was also ours, while round 3 was a draw, but No. 4 was undoubtedly in the rival's favor, and with dismay we noticed that our chosen one hardly justified the lofty expectations we had formed of him. That he was a scientific fighter left no room to doubt, and that he was also a polo man he demonstrated with equal clearness later on. While victory seemed to smile on him he shaped well, but with the fifth round, which he lost, he also lost self-respect, everything, indeed, excepting his wonderful dash of speed which he used to good advantage whenever he found things getting a trifle warm for him. Fight fairly he would not, for he had evidently heard that

He who fights and runs away

May live to fight another day. However we lost our shekel, and gained what consolation we could from the quiet observation of a critical bystander who was to the effect that the defeated one was a noble specimen of a fighter but "his heart no longer plumper." True, thought we, but crickets are not the only creatures who have failed to fulfil the high expectations formed of them by lacking this one essential.

That any fight is better than no fight every man with British blood is bound to admit, and that is about all we can conscientiously say for cricket fighting. What constitute the points of a boss fighter is still to us a mystery as deep as it is solemn, but in this we rather lean to the opinion of the Great Captain, that as providence was once on the side of the big battalions it is even so to-day on the side of the big crickets.

LATE TELEGRAMS.

LONDON, July 28th.

The second reading of the India Council's Bill has been fixed for Thursday next. Mr. Gladstone has informed Mr. Smith that he intends taking part in the debate upon it. Lord Cross has expressed his anxiety that the Bill should pass this year.

At a meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce to-day, the President referred to the rise in the price of silver, and said he believed that Africa would soon require a quantity of money to replace beads, etc., now used in bartering.

Advices from Buenos Ayres, dated yesterday evening, state that desperate fighting had taken place in the streets, and that one day's truce has been agreed to by the belligerents.

CONSTANTINOPLE, July 28th.

A demonstration was made yesterday by the Armenians before the Cathedral here against the Patriarch, who was beaten by the mob and fled home; revolvers were fired at the troops who were called out to restore order; four soldiers and three Armenians were killed, in the conflict that took place, and a number of them were wounded.

BOMBAY, July 28th.

The Sultan of Zanzibar visited Admiral Freeman on board the flagship *Boadicea* on Saturday last.

Bombay will establish a temporary home for lepers until a permanent institution is provided.

A private in the Scots Guards has committed suicide, alleging in a letter that harsh treatment by his officers was the cause. The public demand an enquiry, which demand is endorsed by the officers, who repudiate the allegation.

Sir Lethiam Nicholson has been appointed Colonel Commandant of Royal Engineers.

July 29th.

The cause of the mobbing of the Armenian Patriarch at Istanbul was for alleged cringing to the Porte. The troops dispersed the crowd, killing and wounding a score or more of them.

A Central News telegram says that the Sultan of Zanzibar suspects his elder brother of plotting to bring about his deposition. The guards in the palace have consequently been strengthened.

LONDON, July 29th.

A meeting has taken place of British Indians from Zanzibar at which Mr. W. H. Smith presided. Those present subscribed largely to the foundation of an undenominational school at Zanzibar for their children, and it was announced that the Sultan had promised a site for the building.

A portion of the dock labourers at work at the Tilbury Docks have struck work, owing to a dispute between them and the management.

regarding contract work. The Union will probably call out the remainder to-day.

The Welsh colliers and the dock labourers have resumed work pending the settlement of their grievances.

The latest advices from Buenos Ayres state that the Government troops have been largely reinforced, and the ministry has been prolonged as the foreign ministers are mediating. The revolution is directed principally against President Céleste and his corrupt practices. The insurgents demand his resignation. They are entrenched with artillery in a retired quarter. The supporters of the President are fortifying the Plaza Mayor, facing Government House.

PARIS, July 29th.

The *Temps* states that a settlement has been effected at Buenos Ayres. M. Céleste has resigned, and M. Pellegrini has been appointed President in his place. Quiet has now been restored at Buenos Ayres.

LONDON, July 30th.

The latest advices from Buenos Ayres state that firing continued yesterday until the rebels had exhausted their cartridges. An official despatch says the insurgents have yielded and the rebellion is suppressed.

A general amnesty has been proclaimed in the Argentine Republic.

In the race for the Goodwood Stakes, Papyrus was first, Silver Spur second, and Brackley third.

ST. PETERSBURG, July 30th.

An Imperial ukase has been issued expelling all Jews from the country districts, and ordering them to live in Ghettos in the towns; they are also excluded from all liberal callings. It is estimated that a million of people will be driven from their homes by this order.

LONDON, July 31st.

The result of the Goodwood Cup is:—Philomel first, Golden Maze second, and Crimea third.

Lord Cross yesterday received a despatch from the Anti-Opium Trade Society, and promised to lay the facts before the Indian Government.

General Baker Russell commands the Cavalry during the manoeuvres at Aldershot in September.

The American customs authorities in Alaska have seized the British scaler *White*, and the British scaler *Arlet* has been boarded by the American cutter and warned to leave Bering Sea.

THE ACCIDENT TO CAPTAIN PATERSON.

The Malacca correspondent of the *Singapore Free Press* writes that Dr. Head returned from Kwalla Pilah on Wednesday evening, (6th inst.) and tells the following account of the accident to Capt. Paterson, of the 91st Highlanders. He and Lieut. Sutherland, of the same regiment, were in Gembuchi after elephants. Capt. Paterson saw one coming towards him, fired, and missed him with the first barrel, but hit him with the second, though not mortally. Capt. Paterson then sprang behind a tree, but the elephant caught him with his trunk round the neck, twisted him round and threw him, although Capt. Paterson hit the animal on its head with his clubbed rifle. Whilst down, the elephant gored him through the thigh, the trunk fortunately going on the outside of the leg, thus missing the femoral artery. The animal then strove to knead Capt. Paterson to death with its knees; but he clung pluckily to the animal's tusk, and the elephant could not free himself. The struggle must have been fearful, as Capt. Paterson says he can well remember the animal's knees being pressed against his body, as it tried to push him off its trunk with them. The cooler attached to the party then came up shouting; and the elephant suddenly threw Capt. Paterson away, and bolted. This took place about noon on the 27th, and it was not until the 28th that Capt. Paterson could be moved. As they had no water fit to drink, Lieut. Sutherland sat by the wounded man, all night squeezing the dew from the leaves into his mouth, as his thirst was naturally very great. The next day the sufferer was moved six miles through the jungle to a house; and then down the Gembuchi River to Jumpol. At Kwalla Jumpol Dr. Head met them, and brought Capt. Paterson to Kwalla Pilah, where he left him. Dr. Head is of opinion that, although the muscles of the thigh are dreadfully bruised and twisted, yet there is no reason why Capt. Paterson should not recover. The way in which Capt. Paterson kept his presence of mind, and the plucky manner in which he held on to the animal's trunk seemed wonderful, and it is entirely to his action in a fearful emergency that he owes his life—for had he let go his hold of the trunk, he would probably have been crushed into a jelly in accordance with the usual method of an elephant in such a case. Capt. Paterson says, that although in such a terrible situation when the animal gored him, he could not help feeling, as the tusk passed on the outside of his leg, "Thank God, the brute has missed the femoral artery!"

The same writer wired on the 7th inst. that Dr. Head, who had returned to Malacca from Gembuchi, stated that Capt. Paterson was doing well.

THE BREAKAGE OF THE AUSTRALIAN CABLES.

The *Singapore Free Press* of the 8th inst. says:—The E. E. A. & C. Telegraph Company's steamer *Sherard Osborne* returned this morning after having successfully re-connected the submarine cables, two from Banjoewangie to Port Darwin, and one to Roebuck Bay, broken by volcanic disturbances on July 11th. The operations have revealed an unusually violent change in the conformation of the ocean bed, which can be best described by following the course of the breakings and grapplings.

The first business was to find the exact spot where each line was broken. Going from Banjoewangie, feeling the way along, it was found that where the bottom used to be fairly level or gently undulating, sounding according to the Admiralty charts from 400 gradually increasing to 700 or 800 fathoms, there is now a sudden drop to 800 and 1,000 fathoms, the ground being very broken and irregular along the line of the fall. The first cable operated upon was the north-eastern one, laid down in 1880, from Banjoewangie to Port Darwin, and known as the "No. 2 Cable." This was found to be entire up to 30 knots out from Banjoewangie, just about the region of the sudden subsidence. From this point nothing but fragments, averaging about half a mile in length, could be found, until having gone a further 20 knots, they were able to connect with Australia. The 20 knots of new cable having been put down, communication was restored between Australia and the western world, on July 20th. The broken pieces recovered only made a total length of about 15 knots, the rest being irrecoverable and most probably buried by a fall of cliff along the edge of the sunken area, immediately after the general subsidence.

Having completed the first part of the operations the *Sherard Osborne* started slowly to the south-west to grapple for the Cable No. 1, or original Port Darwin cable, laid down in 1871. Here the grappling hooks snapped on the sharp

bottom and gradients are moderate for south-westerly winds.

Temperature to level of the sea in inches, feet and hundreds.

Humidity in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture at 60° F.

Barometer scale, &—State of the weather, &c.

Wind scale, &—State of the wind according to Beaufort scale.

Clouds, &—State of the sky.

W. D. & Co., Agents.

Hongkong Observatory, 18th August, 1890.

Tibury Docks have struck work, owing to a dispute between them and the management.

The depth of a submarine precipice. The depth of

Intimations.

EMPIRE PALE ALE.



EMPIRE XX STOUT.

JUST TO HANNO, A FULL STOCK OF THE ABOVE, IN SPLENDID CONDITION.

THIS justly favorite Beer is rapidly superseding all English and German Beers in China

Japan, and the Straits Settlements, owing to its absolute purity and the entire absence o

Chemicals.

VIDE ANALYST'S REPORT.

EMPIRE EXTRA XX STOUT.

As supplied to the Hospitals and Infirmarys. Strongly recommended by the Faculty for its

strengthening properties and adaptability for hot climates.

IN BOTTLES AND CASKS.

Plnts	per dozen \$ 1.50
Quarts	250
9-Gall. Cask	6.00
18-Gall. Cask	10.00
Plnts	1.00
Quarts	2.00
6-Gall. Cask	6.50
18-Gall. Cask	12.00

SOLE AGENTS.

HAIPHONG DOLLAR each.

Authorization of hypothecating the property of the Society.

Modifications of the Articles of Association.

Owners of at least 20 Shares to bearer, in

order to have the right to attend the above

meeting, shall have to deposit them at the Com-

pany's Office, not later than the 23rd of August,

and will receive in exchange a card of admission.

CO-DAY'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

SOCIETE FRANCISE DES CHAR-

BONNAGES DU TONKIN.

CAPITAL 4 MILLION FRANCS.

A EXTRAORDINARY MEETING will

take place at Hongkong, on the 3rd Sep-

tember, 1890, at the Registered Office, in Victoria

Buildings, at noon, 12 o'clock.

ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Issue of 6,000 Debenture Bonds of 100

Haiphong Dollar each.

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and will receive in exchange a card of admission.

By Order of the Board,

C. GEORG.

Secretary.

Hongkong, 18th August, 1890. [1192]

[1193]

THE BALMORAL GOLD MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-

ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

of the Darvel Bay Trading Company, Limited,

Consignees.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO, per Steamship "GAULIC."

The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

CHAS. D. HARMAN,

Agent.

Hongkong, 13th August, 1890. [12]

MOGUL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S.S. "THORNDALE,"
FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, PENANG
AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all goods are being landed at their risk, into the Godowns of the Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before NOON, TODAY.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining after the 10th inst., will be subject to rent.

All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 19th inst., or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by ADAMSON, BELL & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 12th August, 1890. [1136]

UNION LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM HAMBURG, MIDDLESBRO' AND SINGAPORE.

THE Steamship "TETARTOS," Captain W. Breitling, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading to the Undersigned for Countersignature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from alongside.

The steamer is berthed at Kowloon Piers and Cargo impeding her discharge will be at once landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense and no Fire Insurance will be effected.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 23rd inst., or they will not be recognised.

RUSSELL & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 12th August, 1890. [1169]

Insurances.

THREE IMPORTANT FACTS
ABOUT THE
STANDARD LIFE OFFICE.

1.—HALF A MILLION STERLING per annum is being paid in Death claims year by year.

2.—THE FUNDS IN HAND amount to upwards of Seven Million pounds Sterling, and have increased 50 per cent. in the last 15 years.

3.—THE LIVES who die are annually replaced by more than double the number of new carefully selected lives.

ADAMSON, BELL & CO., Agents, Hongkong.

982—3] FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF 1877.
IN HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [56]

GENERAL LIFE AND FIRE
ASSURANCE COMPANY, IN
LONDON.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE and LIFE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & CO.,

Hongkong, 1st July, 1889. [57]

NOTICE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY
LIMITED.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....\$1,000,000.

The above Company is prepared to accept MARINE RISKS at CURRENT RATES on Goods, &c. Policies granted to all Parts of the world payable at any of its Agencies.

WOO LIN YUEN,
Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE,
No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD WEST.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1882. [217]

GENERAL NOTICE.

THE ON TAI INSURANCE COMPANY,
(LIMITED).

CAPITAL, TAELS 600,000. [1833,333-33]

EQUAL TO.....\$1,000,000.

RESERVE FUND.....\$1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEE SING, Esq. | LO YEKU MOON, Esq.

LOU TSO SHUN, Esq.

MANAGER—HO AMEI.

MARINE RISKS on GOODS, &c., taken at CURRENT RATES to all parts of the world.

HEAD OFFICE, 8 & 9, PRAYA WEST.

Hongkong, 17th December, 1881. [1091]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, and OPTICIANS.

CHARTS and BOOKS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches;

Warded the highest Prizes at every Exhibition;

and for Voigtlander and Sohn's

CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES,

MARINE GLASSES and SPYGLASSES.

No. 8, Queen's Road Central. [1913]

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

DURING my temporary absence from the Colony, Mr. J. W. CROKER is appointed Acting MANAGER for Geo. Fenwick & Co., Ltd. GEO. FENWICK, General Manager, Hongkong, 2nd July, 1890. [1995]

Intimations.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE Ordinary Half-yearly MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of the Company, No. 14, Praya Central, on MONDAY, the 23rd August, at THREE P.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors, and a Statement of Accounts to the 30th June, 1890.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 11th to 25th August, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors, D. GILLIES, Secretary.

Hongkong, 5th August, 1890. [1140]

S I E N T I N G,

SURGEON, DENTIST,
No. 10, D'AGUILAR STREET.
TERMS VERY MODERATE,
Consultation free.

Hongkong, 7th March, 1890. [1485]

CAPTAIN GEORGE TAYLOR,
INLAND SEA and JAPAN COAST PILOT.

Telegraphic Address:

POWERS,
Nagasaki,
Hongkong, 8th April, 1890. [1971]

KUHN & CO.,
JAPANESE AND CHINESE FINE
ART DEPOT.
21 & 23, Queen's Road. [1072]

THE CHINA AND JAPAN TELEPHONE
COMPANY, LIMITED.

1ST of Subscribers to the HONGKONG
TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

8.—Arnhold, Karberg & Co.
16.—Alice Memorial Hospital.
41.—Adamson, Bell & Co.
18.—Butterfield and Swire.
35.—Brooks, Wm., Residence.
46.—Bellots & Co.
47.—Dr. E. R., Kingsclere.
48.—Dr. E. R., The Eye.
Hartigan, Dr. Wm., Queen's Road.
2.—Cantlie, Dr. J., Queen's Road.
3.—Cantlie, Dr. J., Victoria Peak.
6.—C. & J. Telephone Co., Ltd.
10.—Chater and Verney.
15.—Central Police Station.
22.—"China Mail."
30.—Carbone Co., Ltd., S. S. M., Bowrington.
39.—Carlowill & Co.
49.—Cowie, Dr. Alex.
55.—"Daily Press."
17.—Douglas Lapraik & Co.
60.—Dakin Bros. of China, Ltd.
66.—E. E. A. and China Telegraph Co., Ltd.
68.—Era, N. N. J., Residence.
79.—Erickson & Joseph.
9.—Foster, F. T., Residence.
14.—Great Northern Telegraph Co.
31.—Gibb, Livingston & Co.
44.—Government House.
75.—Gordon & Co., A. G., Praya Central.
80.—Government Civil Hospital.
20.—Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co., Ltd.
25.—H. & W. Dock, Aberdeen.
27.—Holiday, Wm. & Co.
28.—Holiday, J. F., Victoria Peak.
32.—The Hongkong Hotel, Public Telephone.
36.—Hancock, W. St. John H., C.E.
42.—Hughes & Ezra.
64.—Holmes & Roddy.
67.—Hughes, E. J., Residence.
68.—Hirst, Chas. do.
74.—H. I. & Agency Co., Ltd.
77.—Ho Tung, Praya Central.
77.—Do. Seymour Terrace.
78.—Do. Bonham Strand.
81.—H. K. W. & Godwin Co., Ltd.
23.—Jordan, Dr. G. F., Pedder's Street.
43.—Jordan, Dr. G. F., Residence.
53.—Judd, Wm., Peak.
71.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.
7.—Linstead & Davis.
39.—Mackintosh, E., Residence.
73.—Millat, Maril y Mijians.
19.—P. & O. S. N. Co.
29.—Peak Hotel.
29.—Peak Hotel & Trading Co., Cragieburn.
13.—Russell & Co.
51.—Ray, E.C.
52.—Sailor's Home.
53.—Say Sing.
61.—Stevens & Co., Geo. R.
62.—Do. Residence.
69.—Stollerfoht & Hirst.
1.—Hongkong Telegraph Office.
9.—Hongkong and Shanghai Bank.
15.—Victoria Hotel, Public Telephone.
16.—Watson & Co., A. S., Ltd.

The Exchange is open day and night.

A. SANDFORD,
Agent.

Hongkong, 10th July, 1890. [1890]

REASONABLE PRICES.

ALL KINDS OF
C O A L S

SUPPLIED AT THE SHORTEST NOTICE

Hongkong, 26th June, 1889. [130]

NOTICE.

JYKE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS
COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

JYKE'S WOOD PRESERVER OR
ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders.

Sir RICHARD RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says:

"It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHRIES & Co.,

Bank Buildings

Hongkong, 10th June, 1888. [1912]

WEEK DAYS.

9 to 10 A.M. every quarter of an hour.

12 to 1 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

1 to 2 P.M. every half hour.

4 to 5 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

NOTICE.

NIGHT TRAM at 10.30 and 11 P.M.

SUNDAYS.

CHURCH TRAM at 10.40 A.M.

12 (NOON) to 2 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

4 to 5 P.M. every quarter of an hour.

9, 10, 10.30 and 11 P.M.

Special Cars may be obtained on application to the Superintendent.

Single Tickets are sold in the Cars; Five-Cent

and Reduced Tickets at the Office.

McNAUL, FRICKEL & Co.,

General Managers

Hongkong, 26th April, 1890. [1995]

PALATABLE AS MILK.

The only preparation of COD LIVER OIL that can be taken readily and tolerated for a long time.

AS A REMEDY FOR CONSUMPTION,

BRONCHITIS, SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS,

ANEMIA, GENERAL DEBILITY, COUGHS

AND THROAT AFFECTIONS, AND ALL

WANTING DISORDERS OF CHILDREN &

ADULTS it is marvelously in its results.

Prescribed and endorsed by the best Physicians.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

Agents for China and Hongkong.

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.,

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-

MA